

Administrative Tribunals and Armed Force Tribunals in India

Hari Ram Anthala*

Abstract:

The objective of this research paper is that why it was necessitated to establish the Administrative Tribunal and Armed Force Tribunal in India. Due to growing needs of employment and increasing in number of employees and increase in number of cases of service matter has been grown in civil as well as in defence services. The cases of disciplinary action increased against their misconduct during services in civil and defence. There was rush of service matter in the High Courts. The administrative tribunals and armed force tribunal have been constituted for convenience of government due to heavy rush in the High Courts in India and litigation of the service matters of Central civil and defence and State government have been increased. So to decrease the work load of High Courts the service matters are settled by these administrative and armed forces tribunals which is a cheaper system of justice provided to the employees of the government in civil and defence services after exhausting all the departmental channels. If any injustice is met out with the employees under administrative actions of civil and defence services during the course of enquiry and excessive punishment have been awarded without the application of mind by the disciplinary authority. The public servant may knock the door of the administrative and armed force tribunal for natural justice against the injustice. These Administrative bodies are "State" within the meaning of Article 12 of the Constitution. The Tribunal have their jurisdiction and law of limitation is also applicable.

Key Words: Tribunal, Benches, Administrative. Justice, injustice, powers, writ jurisdiction, Supreme Court, High Court, appeal, limitation, procedure

Introduction:

An attempt has been made to explain the role of administrative tribunal after covering almost all aspects of disciplinary action in the administrative law after through study of the constitution of India, the related Articles affecting the Government servants, their service conditions covered under Articles 309, 310, 311, 312 besides Article 12:

**Assistant Professor of Law, and Advocate & Legal Consultant, Punjab & Haryana High Court, Chandigarh, Email: hranthala@gmail.com, hranthala@rediffmail.com*